

Menu Planning for December 2015

If you're planning your menu for December, there are a few holidays to consider and many fresh fruits and vegetables continuing their summer peak.

Plan for December:

Full Moon – December 25th, Moon before Yule, Long Night or Cold Moon National 'Hi Neighbor' Month

- December 4th National Cookie Day
- December 7th Pearl Harbor Day
- December 6th Hanukkah begins
- December 14th Hanukkah ends
- December 22nd Winter Solstice

Plan ahead for January:

Full Moon – January 24th

- Known as the 'Old Moon' or Moon after Yule
- January 1st New Year's Day
- January 3rd Fruitcake Toss Day
- January 18th Martin Luther King Jr. Birthday

- December 25th Christmas
- December 26th Kwanzaa, Boxing Day, National Whiners Day
- December 27th National Fruitcake Day
- December 31st New Year's Eve

National Oatmeal Month National Soup Month

The beginning of the citrus season..... Hardy greens including kales, chicories and spinach. Yummy winter cardoon (cardoni), fennel and roots are also available.

No matter where you live, winter is the time that our biological clocks encourage us to hunker down, eat more calories and enjoy our sleep. The longest night of the year is Winter Solstice on December 21st, after that we begin to swing back towards longer days, inching towards spring. But while we're in the middle of winter, be sure to enjoy the rich and deep flavors that roasting, braising and other slow-cooking, low heat methods can bring to these delicious foods.

Braises, stews, soups and casseroles all benefit from long and low heat cooking styles. Oven roasting slowly converts the internal starches of root vegetables to sweet sugar and even Brussels sprouts, broccoli and cauliflower are better when they're roasted. Balance the flavors and the colors of these roots and brassicas with kales and endives slowly sautéed with a hint of balsamic or citrus for a fresh flavor. As pumpkin fades from availability, think about substituting with a different winter squash; what about red kuri pie or make butternut squash bread instead of pumpkin bread. Be innovative and willing to play with these flavors.

Fruit is amazing this time of year – as long as you love citrus! Grapefruit, oranges, kumquats, lemons, limes all are available and just getting better as the winter progresses. The only challenging variety is the Blood orange – culinarians hold their breath, waiting for the first harvest of lightly pink fruit – This year it's the second week of December. The reason this fruit usually appears so late is that its' red color is induced by frost temperature cold (below 33' F) and there's a chemical reaction with the naturally occurring *anthocyanin* in the orange. Farmers consider the blood orange season to be February to May (but with the Australian crop, the season can be started early or extended for menus).

Consider using dried fruit to enhance and deepen flavors. Nuts are delicious and when toasted, they are a great way to enhance every menu item and add protein to vegan baking. Beans, freshly dried from the fall harvest, add flavor and a vegetarian protein source to the winter offerings. Enjoy the hearty, rich and deep flavors of the winter season; before you know it, we'll be looking for ramps and fiddleheads again.

December Planning



The following items *should* be available for the month of December. Remember that availability projections are based on annual history and sometimes the weather patterns and other acts of the universe can change access to quality produce. The items noted in **BOLD** should be the best values for the month of November.

Planning for December: (BOLD below is the peak season and usually more economical.

Apples - Crab Apples, Late Season CA Artichokes – large Asian Pears Avocados Beans – Cranberry Beans - Romano Beets Broccoli Broccolini Broccoli Rabe **Brussels Sprouts** Cabbage **Cactus Leaves** Cactus Pears Cardoon (Cardoni) Carrots (all colors) Cauliflower Celery **Celery Root** Chayote Squash(Mirliton) Chestnuts Chicory Chili Peppers Citrus - Grapefruit Citrus - Kumquats Citrus – Lemons Citrus - Limes Citrus – Navel Oranges Citrus – Oroblanco

Citrus - Pummelo Citrus – Satsumas Citrus – Tangerine Cranberries Cucumbers Endive Escarole Feijoa Fennel Garlic Greens - Chard Greens – Collards Greens – Kale Greens - Rapini Horseradish Jicama Kiwifruit Kohl Rabi (purple and green) Leeks Mushroom – Black Trumpet Mushroom – Chanterelle Mushroom – Hedgehog Mushroom – Hon shimiji Mushroom – King Oyster Mushroom - Lobster Mushroom – Matsutake Mushroom – Truffle Nettles, Stinging Onions **Onion** – Boiler **Onion** – Pearl

Papaya Parsley Root Parsnips Pear – Asian Pear – Bosc Pear – D'Anjou Pear - Forelles Pear – Seckels Persimmons – Fuyu Persimmons – Hachiya Pineapple **Pomegranates Potatoes – Fingerlings** Potatoes – Purple Potatoes - Russet **Potatoes - Sweet** Potatoes – Yukon Pumpkin Quince (ending) **Radishes** Shallots Spinach – Bloomsdale Squash – Hard (winter) Starfruit (carambola) **Sweet Potatoes** Tamarillos Tomatillos Turnips