## Menu Planning for January 2016

## Plan ahead for January:

Full Moon - January 24th

- Known as the 'Old Moon' or Moon after Yule
- January 1<sup>st</sup> New Year's Day
- January 3<sup>rd</sup> Fruitcake Toss Day

National Oatmeal Month National Soup Month

• January 18<sup>th</sup> – Martin Luther King Jr. Birthday

## Plan ahead for February:

Full Moon February 22<sup>nd</sup>: called the Snow Moon or the Hunger Moon

- February 2<sup>nd</sup> Groundhog Day
- February 7<sup>th</sup> Super Bowl Sunday
- February 8<sup>th</sup> Chinese New Year commences, year of the Monkey
- February 9<sup>th</sup> Mardi Gras
- February 10<sup>th</sup> Ash Wednesday

- February 14<sup>th</sup> St. Valentine's Day (a Sunday)
- February 15<sup>th</sup> President's Day (Monday)
- National Grapefruit Month
- Black History Month

## New Year's Eve is a Thursday night this year, New Year's Day is a Friday.

In January - citrus season is in full production, hothouse rhubarb begins and baby artichokes should peek through at the end of the month...

Winter officially began on December 22<sup>nd</sup> and despite the incremental lengthening of each day, we are smack dab in the middle of the darkest part of the year. There are some bright spots to remind us that flavor is available all around us – just not as readily available.

January is the month that hothouse rhubarb returns to the market to seduce us with rich, tart and ever-so-slightly sweet temptations. Baby artichokes should begin to reappear at the Farmer's market after their brief mid-winter gap and the larger chokes should be available but perhaps will be marketed as 'frost-kissed'. The hardy chicories, greens and brassicas that provide our winter fiber and minerals are abundant and delicious. Winter squashes continue to provide beta-carotene to help us stay healthy through the next few months.

The biggest challenges with winter produce are weather and transportation. Most produce comes from California, Florida or what we call 'off-shore' - from Mexico, South and Central America. The added time required for shipping makes planning difficult and patience truly becomes a virtue. Another problematic factor to monitor is the weather, not only in harvest regions, but also in locales where trucks and planes are required to transport to – sunshine in California but snow in Montana or New York often makes for a late – and over-chilled – delivery. Because there are such small harvest geographies in the winter, a regional deluge of rain or frost can wipe out and impact the price of an entire crop of lettuce or citrus. Menus should be written with flexibility and orders should be placed knowing that markets and prices can change with a single storm front.

In January – and all winter long - think about writing menus in a way that's a little more open to variations on the item: winter squashes all taste very similar; cooking greens can all be prepared with similar methods and results; root vegetable medleys are wonderful additions to most menus while keeping a lower cost base. The 'soft' herbs are generally less accessible too – expect to pay premiums for basil, tarragon, chervil and chives – because of their high water content and delicate structures, they are susceptible to frost and cold damage. The winter-hearty herbs are rosemary, thyme and some of the sages – all known as the 'hard' herbs. Use roasted and or smoked tomatoes for an added depth of flavor and citrus juices can brighten up the earthy root flavors that are available. Radishes (both tops and bottoms) make a wonderful addition to salads and spinach and arugula can be used with pears, roasted chanterelles and hedgehog mushrooms to create a delicious seasonal salad course. Tri-coloré salad is a classic Tuscan combination of chicories that mix with lemon juice, olive oil and a cheese; because of their heartiness, all of the chicories can be grilled or roasted and combined for a delicious hearty winter salad.

Remember that the items in **BOLD** will prove to usually be better values as they are in their peak harvest period.

Apples - Braeburn Apples - Fuji Apples - Gala Apples - Lady Apricots - Chile Artichokes Asparagus

Avocados – Calif. Avocados – Imports Baby Carrots w/ Tops

**Baby Mixed Root Vegetables** 

Bananas Beans - Dragon Beans - French Beans – Purple Wax

Beans - Yellow Wax

Baby Squash

Beets

Belgian Endive Broccoli - Cheddar Broccoli - Purple Broccoli - Romanesque

Broccoli Rabe Broccolini

**Brussels Sprouts** 

Cabbage Cactus Leaves

Cantaloupe - Off Shore

**Cardoon**Cauliflower
Celery

**Cherries - Chile** 

Chicory - Castelfranco Chicory - Frisee Chicory - Puntarella

Chicory - Treviso
Citrus – Bergamot orange
Citrus – Buddha's Hand
Citrus – Cara Cara
Citrus – Finger Lime
Citrus – Kumquats
Citrus – Mandarin
Citrus – Meyer Lemon

Citrus – Satsuma Citrus – Seville Oranges

Citrus – Pommelo

Citrus – Tangelo Cranberries Eggplant

Endive - Belgian Grapefruit Grapes - Chile Green Beans Greens - Beet Greens - Kale

Honeydew – Off Shore

**Kiwi** Leeks

Lettuce-Baby (all) Lettuce-Spring Mix Mangoes – Brazil

Mushrooms - Chanterelle

Nectarines - Chile Onions – Spring Sweet Oranges – Navel

Papaya
Parsnips
Peaches - Chile

Pears

Peas

Persimmons - ending

Pineapple
Plums - Chile
Potatoes - Sweet
Potatoes - Red

Potatoes – Yukon Gold

Radicchio

Radishes - Black Radishes - Daikon Radishes - Icicle

Radishes - Watermelon Rhubarb - hothouse Root - Burdock Root - Celery Root - Horseradish Root - Lotus

Root - Parsley
Root - Taro
Root - Yucca
Rutabagas
Shallots
Snow Peas
Spinach
Spinach-Baby
Squash - Acorn
Squash - Butternut
Squash - Carnival

**Star Fruit** 

Squash - Delicata

Squash - Kabocha

Strawberries - Calif. new

Sugar Snap Peas
Sun-dried Tomatoes

**Turnips**